

Sensigas[®] **Gas Detectors** Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

ATEX II 3G Ex nA nC d IIC T6(1) Gb certified MED/3.54 (IEC 60092-504) certified

URD21IS



	10÷28Vdc Power Supply. Nondispersive infrared (NDIR) sensor designed for the detection of Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂). Up to three intervention thresholds. Automatic counting of the lifetime of the sensors. LED on the sensor body to indicate the operating status and display option.
Use	URD21IS Detectors are used to detect the presence of Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂), in areas classified as Zone 2.
	Detection of Carbon Dioxide emissions or emissions in industrial environments, hospitals, fermentation plants, greenhouses, stables and, more generally, where carbon dioxide is stored, generated or produced.
	URD21IS Detectors are designed for stand-alone operation with $4 \div 20$ mA output and, optionally, with n. 4 relay outputs with voltage free changeover contacts respectively for:
	Pre-Alarm, 1 st Alarm Threshold, 2 nd Alarm Threshold, Sensor fail.
Operation	In case of Gas presence, the Detector compares the measured concentration value with the intervention thresholds set by activating the relays associated with them. The information of the measured concentration value is always present on the $4 \div 20$ mA output.
Ordering Available Models	Simply indicate product code: please, refer to "available models".
Code:	* UR xx yy I S ** → S= Not-Sparkling Execution
	Sensing Element type: I = Non Dispersive Infrared (NDIR)
	 "21" for Stand Alone detectors with 420 mA output "41" for Bus Based System EW40

* Prefix to the name of the Detector: DR = Display with Relays; DN = Display without Relays;
 ** Suffix to the name of the Detector: EXR = Extended temperature range -40...+70°C

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 $D = Carbon Dioxide (CO_2)$

Technical Characteristics

Sensor type Non Dispersive Infrared (NDIR) Detected gas Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) 10÷28Vdc Power supply Maximum Power consuption 2.4W (@ 28Vdc with d.c. 4+20mA output) (4W with UZR20.4) 0...20.000ppm ^{(2) (3)} Measuring range Precision \pm 5% of Full Scale, \pm 10% of reading Repeatability Measurement Resolution (Sensivity) 20 ppm Microprocessor Resolution Measuring digital processing Watch dog Warm-up time < 2m Stabilization Time < 2m Response Time (Max) Average Sensor Life (in Air) 255 weeks Output Logic 4...20mA: Proportional Logic - 4mA = (default) Threshold Logic (1 o 2 Threshold Application) Signal 4:20mA reference settina Load Resistance of 4...20mA output minimum (with generator limited to 24mA) Maximum Operation and storage conditions: Environment Temperature (°C) Operating --20 ÷ 70 Storage Relative Humidity (%UR) without cond. Operating 15 ÷ 90 Storage 45 ÷ 75 Operating Pressure (KPa) 80 ÷ 120 Air Speed (m/s) < 6 **Optical Signalling Dimensions and Weight**

MED Marking

ATEX Marking

 \pm 5% of Full Scale, \pm 10% of reading 4096 points (12 bit A/D Converter) Kalman Filter and zero drift compensation External, acting on the whole Safety Chain < 20s (T50), < 60s (T90) 0 ppm - 20mA = 20.000 ppm - 0mA = No Alarm - 10mA = 1st Threshold Alarm - 20mA = 2nd Threshold Alarm With jumpers (reference to negative or positive of power supply) 0Ω @ 28Vdc 300Ω @ 10Vdc -20 ÷ 50 or -40 ÷ 70 (Extended Range) Red LED visible on the sensor body See dedicated paragraph

0474 / xxxx (manufacturing year) CERTIFICATE n. MED327120CS

LX II 3G Ex nA nC d IIC T6⁽¹⁾ Gb $-20^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +50^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +70^{\circ}C$ (Extended Range)

Note (1): DR-URD21IS-EXR Detectors, i.e. equipped with a Display Board with Relay (prefix DR-), with an extended temperature range (suffix -EXR), have temperature class T5 instead of T6.

Note ⁽²⁾: Measuring range 0... 20.000ppm is the default one; other measuring ranges are available on request.

Nota (3): When Detector detects a very high gradient of increasing concentration, and the full-scale value of 20% is exceeded, power is removed from the sensing element and the out-of-range (fault condition for overrange) is declared respectively with:

- the 4÷20mA output which is set at 22mA;

- fault relay output activated (relay energized or not depending on the selection made);

- the status LED visible from outside fixed on with an OFF flash of 0.5s every 5s

display (if present), explicitly declares the need for a recalibration.

After such a condition occurs:

- make sure the area is free of explosive mixtures;

- turn off and turn on the detector to allow the sensing element to be powered and wait at least an hour to allow thermal stabilization.

Only entering the calibration procedure can bring the detector to exit the overrange fault state.

As with all other operational contexts:

- if the recalibration procedure is successful, it can bring the detector into normal operating status;

- if the recalibration procedure is not successful, the detector is simply declared faulty.

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Technical Characteristics (continue)	<u>4 Relays SPDT Card</u> UZR20.4 ⁽⁴⁾ It is used to activate signals and/or external systems (light signals, sirens, ventilation systems, etc.).	Note ⁽⁴⁾ : not insertable if the Display Board DR or DN is present
	NO or NC contacts available, selectable by jumpers. N. 4 LEDs are present and associated with the status of each Relay and separate quick-connecting term. blocks The state of the LEDs is directly associated with the status of the relative Relay: Relay X "On" => Led X "On".	
	Relay contact range:	50mA a 24Vac/dc, 100mA a 12Vac/dc
	Relay control logic:	 Direct: Relay ON in the presence of an event Inverse: Relay ON in the absence of an event
	<u>Display Board without Relay DN-</u> DetName.	
	<u>Display Board with Relay DR-DetName.</u> Display Boards are in fact the Operator Interface on board the Detector for control, monitoring, calibration and calibration operations. They manage: N. 4 Push Buttons used to give the operator commands; N. 4 SPDT Relay (only for DR Board)	
	Each Relay is associated with a Led for the local Alarm or Sensor Fault signaling The state of the Leds is associated directly to the status of the relative Relay: Relay X "On" = > Led X "On" N. 6 heating resistors for Extended Range Detectors (suffix -EXR to the name of the detector)	
	PhotoMOS Card UZS20 It is used to indicate the status of the detector through a resistive value presented at the terminals.	UZS20.E Normal Pre-Al 1^{st} Th 2^{nd} Th Fail 22k Ω 10k Ω 2,2 k Ω n.p. Open
	It is typically used in conjunction with modules that put on the LOOP	UZS20.A Normal Pre-Al 1^{st} Th 2^{nd} Th Fail $27k\Omega$ n.p. $10k\Omega$ n.p. Open
	peripheral fire alarms that have a behavior similar to that of smoke detectors.	UZS20.S <u>Normal</u> <u>Pre-Al</u> <u>1st Th</u> <u>2nd Th</u> <u>Fail</u> 2,2 $k\Omega$ n.p. Close n.p. Open
	Verification and Calibration Kit TUS40 Service and Maintenance Terminal with Interface Board UIC20 .	See Chapter for Commissioning and Start-up.
	Replacement Sensor Body NRXX-Y-ZZZ Sensor body complete with relevant	See dedicate price list.

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Sensor average lifetime (see technical characteristics) is referred to a typical usage in a pollutionfree environment. Presence of a high concentration of pollutants can shorten the lifetime of the sensing element.

Do not use pure gas or the lighter directly on the Sensor which could be irreparably damaged.

<u>CAUTION</u>: consider that in particularly polluted environments or with vapours of flammable substances (in particular solvents), the useful life of the sensor can be considerably reduced. <u>Some Substances cause a permanent reduction in sensitivity</u>, preventing the Sensor from coming into contact with <u>Silicone Vapours</u> (present in Paints and Sealants), <u>Lead Tetraethyl</u> or <u>Esters</u> <u>Phosphates</u>. Other substances cause a temporary loss of Sensitivity, these "Inhibitors" are Halogens, Hydrogen Sulphate, Chlorine, Chlorinated Hydrocarbons. In the latter case, after a short time in Clean Air, the Sensor resumes its normal operation.

Once the detection system starts up, it has to be supplied with energy during all the lifetime of its sensors.

Seasonal use is not recommended.

Mechanical Installation	For Sensors installation, for	Carbon Dioxide density, at ambient temperature and pressure, is about one and a half times that of air; it therefore tends to stratify on the bottom of closed and unventilated environments. Sensor must therefore be installed at a distance of about 30 cm from the floor of the room, or slightly higher.
	 but also the following insta Sensors must be installed: Near possible gas leaf At least 1.5m from hea Never in poorly ventila Away from obstacles t Far from appliances th in environments where humidity lower than 90 	
	and conformation, as well The installation must also	be installed in an environment is proportional to its surface, its height as the relative density of the gas. take into account: ructures (beams, false ceilings, wells, etc.)
	 Mechanical and liquid µ Poisoning protection Accessibility for appliar 	protection
		ctors must take place as late as possible to avoid damage, but in time environment for which they are intended.
Environmental Compatibility and Disposal	 issue. Refer to the following n for the purpose of dispose it as household waste, in comply with all local laws 	
	 use local depots and war products or to obtain furth 	c materials as much as possible in order to minimize the environmental impact ste recycling companies, or refer to the supplier or manufacturer, to return used er information on environmental compatibility and waste disposal reusable. Keep it for possible future use or in case of returning the product to the

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Electrical Installation CAUTION: Make the area safe and make sure that the device power supply is off before cabling and configuration operations. Install the sensor in compliance with EN 60079-14. To enter cables, uses the cable gland provided on the housing. The cable sheath cannot be larger than 8mm. Ground the sensor using the internal grounding system. EW 146-070 ESIWELMA Connection slot for CN3 Connector for: Relay Card TUS40.. or Display Card юC or PhotoMOS Card **Terminal Block and** R18 Relay or PM Card **Electrical Connections** Triad of Jumpers J4 (CN1 Connector) 5 C10 SW1 Dip Switch CN4 Connector for 5 R28 rs-Sensor Card сFз o C14 85 R66 Shield S R¹/₂8 C₁₆ R¹/₂8 C₁₆ R¹/₂8 C₁₃ R6t R64 R64 C45 C45 + 12 / 24Vdc -DU Sensor Card -TB1 4 ÷ 20mA (gug

Cabling:

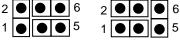
Depending on the connecting distance, use at least 3-core cable, min. diameter 0.75mm² up to 100m, 1mm² up to 200m, 1.5mm² up to 500m. Use shielded cable where there is a risk of electromagnetic interference.

If a relay card is used, use multi-core cable suitable for the number of connections. Make sure that the cable sheath is no larger than the diameter of the cable gland.

The Sensor is supplied with base settings shown as default into Technical Characteristics Chapter. **Configuration:** To change such settings, switch off the power supply, input the new settings by means the triad of jumpers J4 or on Dip Switch SW1 as in figure then power-up again; in particular:

Terminal Block

The sensor is basically set to have the negative of the power supply signal as a reference for the 4÷20mA signal; to change this setting it is necessary to move the set of jumpers referred to in the J4 reference selection: screen printing position as shown in the figure:



+

Ref. to - (default) Ref. to +

switch at SW1; in particular:

4÷20mA signal operating mode configuration:

4÷20mA Output

values:

maintenance

as

(*) When the first four dip-switch selectors are in the OFF position, the intervention thresholds can only be set by means of the

terminal TUS40 .. or through the Display (DR... or DN... board).

If this selection is made without the presence of the service terminal, the device will assume

For the use of the terminal see the relevant operating manual. If the DR- or DN- Display Board is

present, the TUS40 .. terminal can no longer be used.

thresholds

and

default

intervention thresholds.

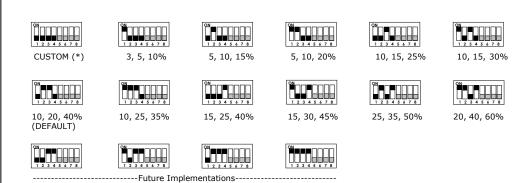
service

To set the operating mode of the 4...20mA signal, it is necessary to use the 5th selector of the DIP

Proportional (4÷20mA)

Threshold Logic (0-10-20mA)

Setting threshold limit To set the threshold limit values of the optional relay card, or of the threshold operating mode of the 4...20mA signal, it is necessary to use the last selector of the DIP switch at S1 (ignore the first four selectors ^(*)); in particular, the thresholds, given in percentage Full-Scale, will be:



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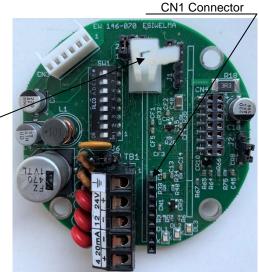
Mechanical installation of the optional Relay Card or optional PhotoMos Cards with resistive output variation On the main electronic card, it is possible to insert, in a special connector named **CN1**, a module having on board N. 4 relays with changeover contact that will be activated in correspondence of the pre-alarm events, 1st alarm threshold, 2nd alarm threshold and faulty sensor, and the relative LEDs signalling.

Follow the steps below to insert the card:

Phase 1:

Insert on the main electronic card the card guide supplied with the card, taking care to turn the elastic flag towards the main terminal board. Locate the connector CN1.

> Card Guide (with Elastic Flag)

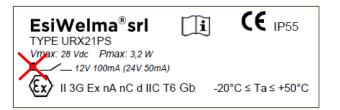


optional card.

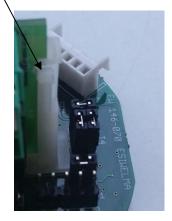
Phase 2:

Phase 3:

Check the positioning of the card checking that all Pins are internal to the CN1 connector and that, by practing a slight pull upwards, the card remains in position due to correctly hooked and held by the elastic flag of the card guide.



Elastic Flag



Fully insert the card, taking care to pull the elastic flag of card guide towards the terminal board of the

Phase 4:

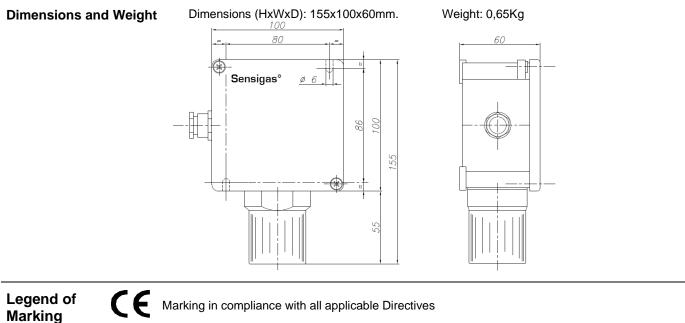
Mark the box showing the presence of the relay card inside the device with a permanent marker (example).

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Electrical installation of the optional relay card	-	-	ecessary to provide for its electrical configuration ontact that is required on the terminal board (NC
Type of contact selection:	For each relay there is a pair of associated, selectable by jump		s to which the type of contact (NC or NO) can be relay card.
	Contact NC or NO of pre-alarm Contact NC or NO of 1 st Thresh Contact NC or NO of 2 nd Thresh Contact NC or NO of Fail relay	hold relay	
	DL1 (yellow), Sensor FAUL		
	DL2 (red), 1 st Alarm Thre		
	DL3 (red), 2 nd Alarm Thre	DL3	
	DL4 (red), Pre-alarm		
	Type of contact selection:	CN1	
			ESIWELMA
	NC N	IA	EW082,010
Preliminary checks after mechanical and electrical installation The sensor is calibrated in the factory and therefore there are no calibration operation however, after installation it is necessary to perform a functional check of the sensor By powering the device it will prepare itself in the sensor preheating phase which minutes. After this time the sensor will pass into normal operating state, however the best performed the sensor is operational, it is necessary to check its response using the apprentiated the sensor is operational, it is necessary to check its response using the apprentiate the sensor is operational, it is necessary to check its response using the apprentiate the sensor is operational, it is necessary to check its response using the apprentiate the sensor is operational, it is necessary to check its response using the apprentiate the sensor is operational, it is necessary to check its response using the apprentiate the sensor is operational. • 2 bottles of titrated gas: 1 at 5000ppm of CO ₂ and 1 of pure nitrogen (see order test kit on the specific data sheet) • specific pressure reducer and flow regulator TUL40.FLUX or equivalent, in order a flow of about 0.5 liters / minute; • universal adapter to adapter to adapt to the sensor body (URCAP.ESI); • connecting pipe between the cylinder and the adapter, approximately 2m long. During the test it is necessary to observe the value of the output current, the status of outside the container on the sensor body and, if present, the status of the relay board closing the case.		here are no calibration operations once installed; a functional check of the sensors. sensor preheating phase which lasts about 2 ting state, however the best performance can be heck its response using the appropriate TUL40 and 1 of pure nitrogen (see ordering codes of the UL40.FLUX or equivalent, in order to guarantee (URCAP.ESI); adapter, approximately 2m long. If the output current, the status of the LED visible esent, the status of the relay board LEDs, before the the test of	
	Sensor State	4÷20mA Output	State Led on Sensor Body
	PREHEATING	2mA	Flashing with 2 Hz frequency
		4÷20mA	1 pulse "ON" every about 10s
	PRE-ALARM 1 st ALARM THRESHOLD	0,10,20mA for threshold	2 pulses "ON" every about 5s 3 pulses "ON" every about 5s
	2 nd ALARM THRESHOLD	applications	4 pulses "ON" every about 5s
	FAILED SENSOR	22mA	ON steady
	OVER-RANGE FAILURE	22mA	1 pulse "OFF" every about 5s
	make sure that the 4 ÷ 20mA o	output is between 7 a optional relay card	he test kit <i>(test gas application time> 2 minutes)</i> , and 9mA; the status LED and the pre-alarm, 1st switch on according to the threshold settings. erification.

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Troubleshooting	For Troubleshooting, having only one LED that identifies the functional states described in the table above, when operating failure occur, in addition to the usual power and wiring checks, it is necessary to use the <i>TUS40</i> terminal or use the <i>Display Board</i> (if present) and refer to the relevant product documentation (see also Notes 2 and 3 in technical features for Over-Range Failure).	
Maintenance	Every three to six months a functional check of the sensors must be carried out, in accordance with the instructions contained in Standard EN60079-29-2.	
Routine	The routine check involves the performance of the same tests as described in the chapter concerning preliminary checks after mechanical and electrical installation.	
Corrective	Any failure found during the periodic checks of the sensors must be followed by sending the sensor to your Supplier / Installer, who will send it to EsiWelma.	
	Possible sensors non-calibration found during the periodic checks can be identified and corrected with the help of the TUL40 test kit and the TUS40 service terminal, (or of the display board) which must be connected to the sensor (on the CN3 connector) through the appropriate communication interface integrated in the cable.	
	For the sensor recalibration procedure, refer to the documentation supplied with the service terminal, the display board or the card for the magnetic actuator.	
Disassembly	Power off the detector, disconnect the wire on the terminals and dismount the housing from any blocking system.	
Warranty	Warranty of the products is indicated in the General Sale Conditions to which reference is made.	
Accessories and Spare Parts	 Relay Card with n. 4 SPDT relay UZR20.4 Display Board with Relay DR (Det.Name) Display Board without Relay DN (Det.Name) PhotoMOS Card UZS20 Test Kit TUL40 Service Terminal Kit TUS40 Sensor Body NRXX-Y-ZZZ 	



Marking for all equipment in conformity to ATEX 2014/34/EU Directive

Equipment Group for surface industry

Equipment Category 3 for use in Zone 2 3

G Equipment intended for use in explosive gas atmosphere, caused by mixture of air and gas, vapours, flammable mists.

Ex nA nC d IIC T6⁽¹⁾ Gb Type of protection according to EN60079-0, EN60079-15 e EN60079-29-1 Sensor body with protection mode d according to EN60079-1.

 $-20^{\circ}C \le TA \le +50^{\circ}C$ $-40^{\circ}C \le TA \le +70^{\circ}C$

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Environmental temperature range of the appliance (Standard) Extended temperature range of the appliance (Extended)

Note (1): DR-URD21IE-EXR detectors, i.e. equipped with Display Board with Relay (prefix DR-), with extended temperature range (suffix -EXR), have temperature class T5 instead of T6.

Due to our policy of continuous product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

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