

# Sensigas<sup>®</sup>

## Carbon Monoxide detectors

# ESN.I.O..

for homes, recreational vehicles and similar uses

Conformity standard UNI CEI 70032



Electronic carbon monoxide detectors with time-varying alarm threshold and two calibration points for homes, recreational vehicles and similar sites.

230Vac, 12Vac/dc or 12...24Vac/dc power supply, depending on the model.

Relay command output with double insulation voltage free contact, so suitable for any kind of solenoid valve or other command and alarm device.

Possibility of parallel connection of more than one detector, also for monitoring different gases.

**Use** The ESN.I.O.. detectors can be used to provide a visual/audible alarm and to control other alarm transmitters or actuating devices, in the presence of carbon monoxide concentrations that pose a hazard to humans from gas poisoning.

**Operation** The detector will enter a warm-up phase after power-up; this will take about 60" and during this time the detector is inoperative. At the end of the warm-up phase, the detector enters normal operation mode, and will continue in this state until it detects gas.

**Gas detection** The monitoring algorithm used for gas detection is "time-varying alarm threshold" that considers both the concentration of the gas and the time it is detected. A threshold level one, set at 100ppm<sup>(1)</sup> sets off the time meter; if the concentration remains at this value the alarm will activate after 12 minutes; at 300 ppm, the detector will enter alarm condition after the concentration remains at this level (or at a higher level) for only 12 seconds. Concentration values of between 100 and 300ppm require proportionately intermediate times of between 12 seconds and 12 minutes.

Once the alarm condition ceases to exist, or the level descends to below 11ppm, for a given time that depends on how quickly the concentration descends, the detector will be restored to normal operation.

<sup>(1)</sup> ppm = parts per million of concentration of gas in the air.

### Available models and ordering information

Power supply	230Vac	12Vac/dc	12...24Vac/dc
<b>Detector</b>			
<b>Recessed</b>	ESN.I.O.x	ESN.I.O.x.D	ESN.I.O.x.E
<b>Wall-mounted</b>	ESN.I.O.x + ESN.KW	ESN.I.O.x.D + ESN.KW	ESN.I.O.x.E + ESN.KW
<b>Table-top</b>	ESN.I.O.x + ESN.KT	ESN.I.O.x.D + ESN.KT	ESN.I.O.x.E + ESN.KT
<b>Table-top (precabled)</b>	ESN.I.O.x + ESN.KC	ESN.I.O.x.D + ESN.KC	ESN.I.O.x.E + ESN.KC

The letter A or B inserted in field x of the product order number indicates the type of detector, i.e.:

A = with relay command output

B = without relay command output (visual/audible alarm)

## Operational table

Outputs Detector status	LED GREEN	LED YELLOW	LED RED	BUZZER	RELAY
	Off	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Initial test for LEDs and buzzer (1s.)	ON	ON	ON	C	OFF
Visualisation Firmware Version (5s.)	See Table 1			OFF	OFF
Sensor warm-up (60 seconds)	A	OFF	A	OFF	OFF
Normal operation	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Sensor fail (after 30 seconds)	ON	B	OFF	D	ON
Alarm	ON	OFF	B	B	ON
Operational test (30 seconds)	Divided into two parts:				
• First 25 seconds	ON	B	B	B	ON
• Last 5 seconds:	See Table 1			OFF	ON

Key: **ON** = steady on / activated / switched **OFF** = off / deactivated / not switched  
**A** = the two LEDs flash alternately at 1Hz **B** = the LED/Buzzer flashes/sounds every 1Hz  
**C** = Short sound of Buzzer (Beep) **D** = the Buzzer sounds every 0.5Hz (slow)

Firmware version	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
GREEN LED	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
YELLOW LED	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
RED LED	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON

## Installation and Commissioning

Ensure compliance with standards in force for electrical wiring. The devices must be connected to the mains and remain permanently powered. Omnipolar disconnection must be included in the mains.

The installation of a detector must not be a substitute for the correct installation, use and maintenance of combustible gas appliances and equipment and for ventilation and exhaust systems for fumes.

Carefully read the instructions and electrical wiring diagrams in this document and follow them to the letter. Keep this document in a safe place for future consultation.

The device must be installed by qualified technicians.

### Installation

Since carbon monoxide weighs the same as air, it will be concentrated near the same height as the appliance that manifests combustion defects or that is located in premises with insufficient ventilation.

Install about 2 metres (minimum 1 metre, maximum 3 metres) from the gas-operated appliance and at standard face height of the occupants in those premises; example: 130.....170cm in a kitchen, 50.....100cm in a bedroom.

The detector **must not** be installed:

- outdoors
- too close to stoves, cooking appliances and, more in general, to gas appliances
- near sinks and taps
- near exhaust hoods, windows, fans etc.
- in areas where dirt and/or dust can clog the front grille of the detector
- where the temperature or humidity exceeds the detector's operating limits
- in closed spaces (behind curtains, inside cupboards etc.).

depending on the model purchased, the detector can be mounted:

1. directly in type 503 recessed mounting box
2. screwed onto the wall with adapter ESN.KW
3. placing the device on a side table / shelf in the table-top version, using adapter ESN.KT/KC.

Before fixing the detector to box 503 or to adapter ESN.KW or ESN.KT/KC, the bracket needs to be adjusted to the backing plate selected from major manufacturers of recessing equipment (see Table 2) and, if necessary, two side adapters need to be inserted to cover the side gap created when using some plates.

After mounting is completed, fix the detector to box box 503 or to adapter ESN.KW or ESN.KT/KC and press firmly on the front plate.

Make sure you fill in the detector replacement date on the self-adhesive label provided and stick it in a visible position on the detector after installation.

Table 2		
<u>Manufacturer:</u>	Side adapters	Tabs to remove
<b><u>AVE</u></b> SISTEMA 45 and BANQUISE	YES	None
<b><u>BTICINO</u></b> Living international and Light	NO	A
<b><u>GEWISS</u></b> PLAYBUS and PLAYBUS Young	YES	A
<b><u>SIEMENS</u></b> DELTA FUTURA GRAPHIT	YES	A
<b><u>VIMAR</u></b> IDEA and RONDO'	YES	B

## Commissioning

Power up the detector and check that all the warm-up and normal operation phases are executed.

Carry out an operational response test by pressing the button on the front to check the correct engagement of the solenoid valve or other command and/or alarm device connected to the relay; it is advisable to repeat the operational test at least once a year, or after a prolonged period of stoppage.

If other test methods are used instead of the one described the detector may generate different, unexpected responses. In particular, the use of inappropriate substances or vapours (alcohol or silicon-based solvents etc.) or in any case, high concentrations of test gases could cause permanent damage to the sensing element and may cause the detector to operate incorrectly.

The detector needs no periodic maintenance, with the exception of the periodic operational test and its replacement 5 years after the installation date.

Do not tamper with or open the device: danger of electric shock and/or malfunction.

Use a wet cloth and mild detergent to periodically clean the device.

Do not use aggressive detergents like alcohol, ammonia, solvents etc.

## Warning

Before cleaning the detector, switch off the system power supply to avoid the risk of electric shock.

The detector and its sensing element have been designed for ongoing use in areas where there is permanent occupation by people, so normally pollution-free.

The presence of gases or vapours from some substances such as alcohol, silicones or solvents found in some detergents or polishes, or from the fumes generated by cooking may cause inappropriate action of the detector and in the long term could affect the reliability of the device.

## Effects of carbon monoxide on the human body

Carbon Monoxide (CO) is a colourless, odourless and non-irritating gas that is classified as a chemical asphyxiant whose toxic action is the direct result of hypoxia (oxygen deprivation) caused by exposure to it.

Carbon Monoxide is also rapidly absorbed by the lungs and is spread through the pulmonary alveolus where it reversibly binds with the haemoglobin as carboxyhaemoglobin (COHb).

If the CO level in the air inhaled is constant, the level of COHb in the bloodstream will approach a state of equilibrium after a few hours. Still, the speed of that equilibrium depends on a number of factors such as the individual's state of health, but the two most important factors are the concentration of CO and the time of exposure to the gas.

Typical effects of exposure to CO (at concentrations and exposure times over the ones that set off the detector) are, in growing order of concentration and/or time:

- Slight headache, weakness and, if pregnant, possible effect on foetus
- Strong headache, nausea, loss of movement in hands
- Strong headache, irritability, confusion, loss of vision, muscle weakness, dizziness
- Convulsions and loss of consciousness
- Coma, respiratory arrest, death.

The action of the detector cannot protect individuals in particular risk categories such as people who suffer from cardiovascular disease, hyperthyroidism, respiratory disease etc

## In the event of alarm

If an alarm goes off, stay calm, put out flames, switch off the gas or LPG cylinder at the meter, switch off all gas heating appliances such as gas stoves etc., open doors and windows to increase the flow of fresh air.

If the alarm stops, it is necessary to find out what set it off and take consequent action.

If the alarm continues and the reason for the presence of carbon monoxide cannot be determined or eliminated, leave the building and contact the gas supply maintenance service of emergency services.

## Technical specifications

Power supply (see available models)	230Vac $\pm$ 10% or 12Vac/dc $\pm$ 10% or 12...24Vac/dc
Frequency	50/60Hz
Consumption	2 VA
Command outputs	SPDT relay - capacity of the contact 250Vac 5(3)A
1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> alarm threshold	100 and 300ppm <sup>(1)</sup> of Carbon Monoxide
Threshold limit value	Between 12m and 12s at 100ppm and 300ppm, respectively
Operational lifetime of a detector	5 years from installation
Max detectable area	approx. 40 m <sup>2</sup>
Visual warnings	Green LED (power is on) Yellow LED (warm-up / sensor fail) Red LED (gas alarm)
Audible alarms:	Piezoelectric buzzer 85dB at 1m
Protection Rating	IP42 when correctly installed
Product conformity standard	UNI CEI 70032
<b>CE</b> EMC Electromagnetic Compatibility	EMC 2014/30/EU – EN50270
Low voltage (LVD)	LV 2014/35/EU – EN60669-1
Operational room temperature	-10...+40 °C (storage -20.....+70 °C)
Ambient humidity allowed:	30... 90% RH (storage 0...+95% RH) (non condensing)
Dimensions	For installation in 503 type recessed mounting box <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 142 x 100 x 72mm with ESN.KW wall-mounting adapter</li> <li>• 142 x 120 x 100mm with ESN.KT/KC table-top adapter</li> </ul>
Enclosure	ABS/PC UL94-V0 flame retardant

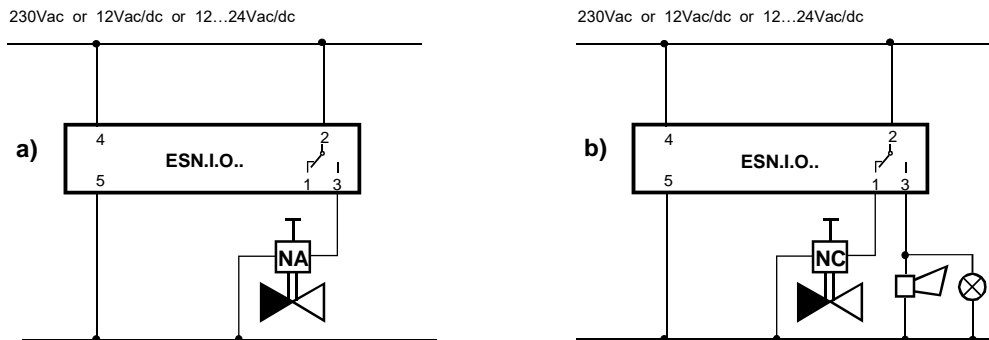
<sup>(1)</sup> ppm = parts per million of concentration of gas in the air.

## Connection diagrams

### Wiring diagrams:

*Example a):* - Command of a solenoid valve (Normally Open); in this mode, when the alarm threshold is exceeded the solenoid valve will close and therefore the gas supply will be cut-off.

*Example b):* - Command of a solenoid valve (Normally Closed) and of visual and audible alarms; in this mode, the solenoid valve will close and therefore the gas supply will be cut-off: when the alarm threshold is exceeded, if there is a power failure and if the actual solenoid valve is disconnected.



## Environmental Compatibility and Disposal



This product has been developed and built using materials and processes that take into account the environmental issue. Refer to the following notes for disposal of the product at the end of its life, or in case of its replacement:

- for the purpose of disposal, this product is classified as an electrical and electronic device: do not dispose of it as household waste, in particular as regards the printed circuit and comply with all local laws in force
- facilitate the reuse of basic materials as much as possible in order to minimize the environmental impact
- use local depots and waste recycling companies, or refer to the supplier or manufacturer, to return used products or to obtain further information on environmental compatibility and waste disposal
- The product packaging is reusable. Keep it for possible future use or in case of returning the product to the supplier.

*Due to our policy of continuous product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.*